

SHAFFER v. JOHNSON

2005 | Cited 0 times | W.D. Virginia | November 16, 2005

MEMORANDUM OPINION

Chad Robert Shaffer, a Virginia inmate proceeding with counsel,filed this action as a petition for writ of habeas corpuspursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. Shaffer challenges the validity of his convictions in the Circuit Court for the County of Franklin.For the following reasons, Shaffer's petition is untimely andmust be dismissed pursuant to Rule 4 of the Rules GoverningSection 2254 Cases.¹

BACKGROUND

On September 22, 2000, Shaffer was convicted of attemptedcarnal knowledge and object sexual penetration. Shaffer wassentenced to a total term of imprisonment of twenty years, withtwelve years suspended. Shaffer's convictions were affirmed bythe Court of Appeals of Virginia on December 4, 2001. Shafferthen filed a petition for appeal in the Supreme Court of Virginia. On July 23, 2002, the petition for appeal was refused.Shaffer did not file a petition for writ of certiorari in theUnited States Supreme Court.

On February 5, 2003, Shaffer filed a state habeas petition in the Circuit Court for the County of Franklin. The petition wasdismissed on March 2, 2004. Shaffer appealed the dismissal of thepetition to the Supreme Court of Virginia on June 1, 2004. The Supreme Court refused Shaffer's petition for appeal on October 13, 2004.

Shaffer filed the instant petition for writ of habeas corpus, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254, on October 12, 2005. On October 18,2005, the court conditionally filed the petition and advisedShaffer that the petition appeared to be untimely. The courtdirected Shaffer to submit any additional argument and/orevidence concerning the timeliness of his petition within twentydays. Shaffer filed a response to the conditional filing order onNovember 7, 2005. The petition is now ripe for review.

DISCUSSION

A one-year period of limitation applies to habeas petitionsfiled under § 2254. 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d)(1). Generally, theone-year period runs from the date on which the judgment of conviction becomes final by the conclusion of direct review orthe expiration of the time for seeking direct review. See §2244(d)(1)(A).² However, pursuant to § 2244(d)(2), theone-year period of limitation is tolled while an inmate's" properly filed application for State post-conviction or othercollateral review" is "pending." 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d)(2).

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In this case, Shaffer appealed his convictions to the SupremeCourt of Virginia. The Supreme Court of Virginia refusedShaffer's petition for appeal on July 23, 2002. Shaffer's convictions became final ninety days later on October 21, 2002, when the time to file a petition for writ of certiorari in theUnited States Supreme Court expired. See Sup. Ct. R. 13(1);Griffith v. Kentucky, 479 U.S. 314, 321 n. 6 (1987). Accordingly, the one-year period of limitation under § 2244(d)(1)began to run on that date.³

One hundred and seven days later, on February 5, 2003, Shafferfiled a state habeas petition in the Circuit Court for theCounty of Franklin. Shaffer's state petition tolled the one-yearperiod of limitation. See 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d)(2). The one-yearperiod remained tolled until October 13, 2004, the date on whichthe Supreme Court of Virginia refused Shaffer's petition forappeal.⁴ See Taylor v. Lee, 186 F.3d 557, 561(4th Cir. 1999). At this point, the clock began running againon the one-year period of limitation, and the period expired 258days later, on June 28, 2005. Shaffer did not file the instantpetition until October 12, 2005, more than three months after theone-year period had expired. Therefore, the petition istime-barred under 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d)(1). Since Shaffer has notdemonstrated any grounds for equitable tolling, the petition mustbe dismissed. The Clerk is directed to send certified copies of this opinionand the accompanying order to the petitioner and all counsel ofrecord.