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¹ In the joint notice of removal (Doc. 1) defendants report that counsel for plaintiff testified by affidavit filed in the Circuit Court of Mobile County, Alabama as an attachment to the complaint that he could not ascertain that an estate had been opened on behalf of the deceased. See Affidavit of R. Edwin Lamberth, attorney. (Doc. 1, Tab A, Exhibits, p. 19-20).

ORDER

This matter is before the court on the consent motion of AshleyHope Werneth for pro ami hearing to approve settlement and foran order to instruct the Clerk of Court to disburse funds paidinto court by Hartford Life and Accident Company (Doc. 15), plaintiff Talisha Bosarge's amendment to consent to motion forpro ami settlement hearing (Doc. 25) and defendant Ashley HopeWerneth's amendment to consent motion for pro ami settlementhearing (Doc. 27).

The parties filed their consent to the jurisdiction of theundersigned Magistrate Judge pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(c).(Doc. 15). This case has been transferred to the undersigned byChief District Judge Callie V.S. Granade to conduct allproceedings including trial and enter judgment. (Doc. 21) On December 15, 2005, a hearing was held to ascertain the factsand circumstances relating to the minor plaintiffs' claims.Present were Talisha Bosarge, as mother and next friend of herminor children, with her counsel George W. Finkbohner III andAshley Hope Werneth with her counsel Charles Fleming. The courtdetermined that it was not necessary to appoint a guardian adlitem for the minors since the minors' mother can adequately represent the interest of her children.

Hearing Testimony and Proffer of Evidence

At the hearing, Finkbohner proffered the following evidence inregard to the underlying claims of the parties:

The original policy of life insurance was obtained by the deceased William H. Werneth's through his employer, KirbyCorporation, on August 18, 2000, at which time he was married to Talisha Bosarge. On June 12, 2001, a judgment of divorce wasentered which dissolved the marriage of Talisha Bosarge and Werneth, awarded custody of William and Hannah to Talisha Bosargeand set forth Werneth's obligation to maintain life insurance for the benefit of his children. After the divorce was final, Werneth lost his job at Kirby Corporation and consequently lost the life insurance. At some time after the divorce, Wernethreturned to work at Kirby. On October 10, 2004, Werneth married Ashley Hope Wernethand on Nov 16, 2004, she was designated as beneficiary on the life insurance policy obtained

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through Kirby. On May 6, 2005, Werneth died and at that time, he and Ashley Hope Werneth wereestranged.

Talisha Bosarge filed a claim against the life insurance policyfor the benefit of William and Hannah based upon the clause inthe judgment of divorce. Hartford denied the claim and informedBosarge that it would pay according to the beneficiarydesignation. At that time, Bosarge retained Finkbohner who fileda petition for declaratory judgment and motion for temporaryrestraining order in the Circuit Court of Mobile County, Alabamaagainst Ashley Hope Werneth and Hartford. Defendant Hartfordremoved the case to this court. Hartford has now paid the sum of\$32,023.89, the proceeds of the policy with interest, into this court and has been dismissed from this litigation. Counsel also stated that the parties had agreed that if the settlementagreement was approved by the court, the funds should be paid tothe trust account of defense counsel Fleming for distribution to the parties according to their agreement and this order.

Finkbohner also proffered that there were two significant and complex controlling legal issues present in this case. First, theissue of whether the judgment of divorce qualifies as a QualifiedDomestic Relations Order (QDRO) such that its provisions would supercede preemption by the Employee Retirement Income SecurityAct of 1974 (ERISA). Second, whether a judgment of divorce can be retroactively modified such that it would become a QDRO whichwould supersede ERISA preemption. Finkbohner proffered, without prejudice to their position, that attorneys in his firm researched this issue and found that the judgment of divorce may not survive scrutiny as to whether it is a QDRO. A motion to clarify was filed in the domestic relations court but then the agreement was reached and the issue was not litigated.

Finkbohner proffered and Fleming agreed, that litigation of these issues would be complicated and costly in that they would require extensive discovery and research. The parties also agreed that the litigation could likely consume the proceeds of the policy and result in no recovery for Talisha Bosarge's minorchildren or Ashley Hope Werneth. Thus, weighing the expense of litigation against the amount of insurance proceeds, the parties concluded that the case should be settled in order to conserve the assets. Defense counsel submitted the cases of Hogan v.Raytheon, 302 F. 3d 854 (8th Cir. 2002) (Exhibit 1) and Egelhoff v. Egelhoff, 532 U.S. 141, 121 S. Ct. 1322 (2001) (Exhibit 2) as evidence of the complex issues present in this case.

The court then questioned Talisha Bosarge and Ashley HopeWerneth and ascertained their understanding of the issuesinvolved and the terms of the settlement agreement. The courtspecifically questioned Talisha Bosarge in regard to her beliefthat the settlement was in the best interest of her childrenbased on the potential depletion of the policy proceeds if thecase were litigated. The court also ascertained that TalishaBosarge was not seeking any part of the funds for herself andthus had no conflict of interest in representing the interests ofher minor children.

Terms of the Proposed Settlement Agreement

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The court was advised that the terms of the proposed settlementare as follows: 1. Ashley Hope Werneth shall receive \$6,000.00 from the proceeds of \$38,023.89 to pay for funeral expenses. 2. The remaining balance of \$32,023.89³ shall be divided one-half or \$16,011.94 to Ashley Hope Werneth and one-half or \$16,011.94, to Talisha Bosarge as custodial parent of William Hayden Werneth and Hannah Sophia Werneth; thus Bosarge will receive \$8,005.97 for benefit of each minor child. 3. George W. Finkbohner III and the law firm of Cunningham, Bounds, Crowder, Brown and Breedlove, L.L.C., as counsel for Talisha Bosarge waive any attorney fee and agree to write off the expenses advanced. 4. Charles J. Fleming as counsel for Ashley Hope Werneth waives any attorney fees or expenses. Conclusion

The court has considered the proffer by Finkbohner on behalf of Talisha Bosarge, the agreement to the proffer by Fleming onbehalf of Ashley Hope Werneth, the testimony of Talisha Bosargeand Ashley Hope Werneth in regard to their understanding of the settlement agreement and the testimony of TalishaBosarge in regard to the reasons why the settlement is in thebest interest of her minor children, William and Hannah.

The court is now familiar with the proposed testimony thatwould be offered if this action were tried. The court hasreviewed the claims exerted on behalf of William and Hannah inregard to their right to receive the proceeds of the group lifeinsurance policy issued through Werneth's employer pursuant tothe judgment of divorce. The court is aware of the claims that would be made regarding Ashley Hope Werneth's right to receive the proceeds of the policy as the designated beneficiary. Asproffered by counsel, the sum of \$32,023.89, representing the proceeds of the policy with interest, has been paid into court by Hartford (Docs. 13, 14) and Hartford has been dismissed from this litigation. (Doc. 26). The court notes that the funds will be available for distribution to the parties pursuant to the terms and conditions of the motion to deposit funds (Docs. 12, 13) upon approval of the settlement agreement.

Upon consideration of the pleadings, counsels' proffer of thefacts and applicable law, the testimony of the parties as morefully set forth on the record and the fact that the court has nowbecome familiar with the issues in this case, it is the opinion of the court that the proposed settlement is reasonable, fair, and in the best interest of the minor plaintiffs William and Hannah. The undersigned is persuaded by the potential forextensive and costly litigation should this case not be settledwhich could likely consume the proceeds of the insurance policy. The court finds that the settlement agreement is in the best interest of the minor children based upon the law and factsproffered to the court today. The court further finds that Talisha Bosarge and Ashley Hope Werneth understand fully theramifications of this settlement.

THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED AS FOLLOWS:

That the proposed settlement is hereby approved and the courthereby directs the Clerk of Court to pay the funds deposited by Hartford minus a fee of ten per cent (10%) of the income earnedwhile the

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funds are held in the court's registry,⁵ to Charles J. Fleming to be held in trust and distributed inaccordance with the settlement agreement.

Because this action has been settled as to all parties and allclaims, it is FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that this case be and hereby isDISMISSED with prejudice and that all claims, arising out ofthe incident made the basis of this suit, which could have been asserted by Ashley Hope Werneth or Talisha Bosarge on behalf of William and Hannah, her minor children are satisfied and areforever barred. Each party shall bear their own costs unless otherwise agreed in the settlement agreement.

DONE and ORDERED